

LIDOCAN-K 2% JELLY

Composition :

Lidocaine HCl anhydrous USP 2%

Indications:

local anesthetic in haemorrhoids, skin burins and insects bites.

All cases which required narcosis of the urethra for scopy.

Esophagoscopy, proctoscopy and cystoscopy

Cautions:

Local anaesthetics should be administered with caution in children, elderly or debilitated patients (consider dose reduction), or in patients with impaired cardiac conduction, cardiovascular disease, hypovolaemia, shock, impaired respiratory function, epilepsy, or myasthenia gravis.

Contra-indications :

in patients with a known history of hypersensitivity to local anesthetic. Local anaesthetics can cause ototoxicity and should not be applied to the middle ear. They are also contraindicated in patients with complete heart block.

Hepatic impairment caution—increased risk of side effects

Renal impairment possible accumulation of lidocaine and active metabolite; caution in severe impairment

Pregnancy crosses the placenta but not known to be harmful in animal studies—use if benefit outweighs risk

Breast-feeding present in milk but amount too small to be harmful

Side-effects

A single application of a topical lidocaine preparation does not generally cause systemic side-effects

Toxic effects after administration of local anaesthetics are a result of excessively high plasma concentrations.

The systemic toxicity of local anaesthetics mainly involves the central nervous and cardiovascular systems. CNS effects include a feeling of inebriation and light headedness followed by drowsiness, numbness of the tongue and perioral region, restlessness, paraesthesia(including sensations of hot and cold),

dizziness, blurred vision, tinnitus, nausea and vomiting, muscle twitching, tremors, and convulsions. Transient excitation may also occur, followed by depression with drowsiness, respiratory failure, unconsciousness, and coma. Effects on the cardiovascular system include myocardial depression

and peripheral vasodilatation resulting in hypotension and bradycardia; arrhythmias and cardiac arrest can occur.

Dose

dental practice, rub gently into dry gum

Sore nipples from breast-feeding, apply using gauze and wash off immediately before next feed

Pain relief (in anal fissures, haemorrhoids, pruritus ani, pruritus vulvae, herpes zoster, or herpes labialis), lubricant layer under occlusive dressing 1–5 hours before procedure(2–5 hours before procedures on large areas e.g. split skin grafting);

max. 2 doses in 24 hours for CHILD 1–12 years;

CHILD under 3 months, apply max. 1 g under occlusive

dressing for max. 1 hour before procedure; max. 1 dose in 24 hours,

CHILD 3–12 months, apply max. 2 g under occlusive dressing for max

4 hours before procedure; max. 2 doses in 24 hours.

Note Shorter application time of 15–30 minutes is recommended for children

with atopic dermatitis (30 minutes before removal of mollusca)

Anaesthesia on genital skin before injection of local anaesthetics, apply under occlusive dressing for 15 minutes (in adult men) and 60 minutes (in adult women)

Anaesthesia before surgical treatment of lesions on genital mucosa in adults, apply up to 10 g 5–10 minutes before procedure.

packing :

20 g of product in collapsible tube

storage :

store below 30C , protected from light

Shelf life

3 years from the date of **manufacturing**.

FOR EXTERNAL USE ONLY

KEEP ALL MEDICAMENTS OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

THIS IS A MEDICAMENT

Medicament is a product which affects your health, and its consumption contrary to instruction is dangerous for you.

Follow strictly the doctor's prescription, method use and the instruction of the pharmacist who dispensed the medicament.

The doctor and the pharmacist are experts in medicine, its benefits and risks.

Do not by yourself interrupt the period of treatment prescribed for you.

Do not repeat the same prescription without consulting your doctor

AL KINDI CO. FOR PHARMACEUTICALS Ind. – IRAQ



